

2 MANUAL CONTROL OF THE INSTRUMENT

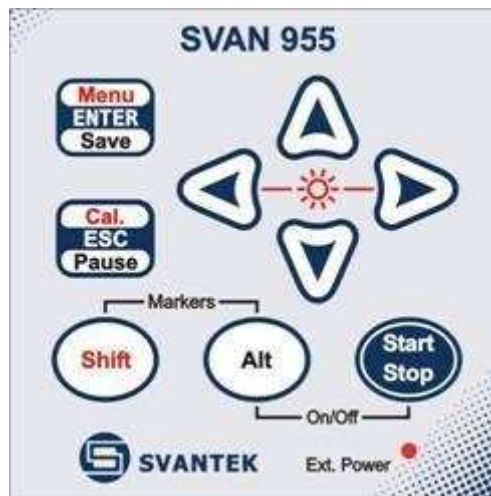
The control of the instrument is developed in the fully conversational way. User can manage the operation of the instrument by selecting the proper option from the MENU. Thanks to that, the number of the control push-buttons of the instrument is reduced to nine.

2.1 Control push-buttons on the front panel

On the front panel of the instrument, there are located the following control push-buttons:

1. <ENTER>, (<MENU>), [<SAVE>],
2. <ESC>, (<CAL>), [<PAUSE>],
3. <SHIFT>, [Markers]
4. <ALT>, (Markers)
5. <^>>,
6. <◀>,
7. <▶>,
8. <▼>,
9. <START / STOP>.

The name given in brackets (...) denotes the second push-button function which is available after pressing it in conjunction (or in sequence) with the <SHIFT> push-button. For the first two push-buttons the name given in square brackets [...] denotes also the third push-button function which is available after pressing it in conjunction (or in sequence) with the <ALT> push-button.



View of the control push-buttons of the SVAN 955 instrument

<SHIFT>

The second function of a push-button (written in red colour on a push-button) can be used when the <SHIFT> push-button is pressed. This push-button can be used in two different ways:

- As **SHIFT** in the keyboard (e.g. while typing the filename); both **SHIFT** and the second push-button **must be pressed in parallel**;
- As **2nd Fun**; this push-button can **be pressed and released before pressing the second one** or **pressed in parallel** (while operating in "2nd Fun" mode, see the following notice) with the second push-button.

<SHIFT> pressed in conjunction with <ALT> enables the user to enter the **Markers** on the plots during the measurement.



Notice: The operation of this push button can be set as the "Shift" mode or the "2nd Fun." mode in the **SHIFT MODE** window of the **SETUP** list (see Chapter 5 for the **SETUP** list description).

<ALT>

This push-button enables one to choose the third push-button function in case of [<SAVE>] and [<PAUSE>] push-buttons. In order to select the third function user must press the <ALT> and the second push-button simultaneously.

<ALT> pressed together with <SHIFT> enables the user to enter the **Markers** on the plots during the measurement.



Notice: The simultaneous pressing of the <ALT> and <START / STOP> push-buttons switches the instrument on and off.

<START / STOP>

This push-button enables one to start the measurement process, when the instrument is not measuring or to stop it, when the instrument is in course of the measurement. It is also possible to set such mode of this push-button, in which in order to start or stop the measurements the user has to press it simultaneously with the <SHIFT> one.



Notice: Change of the <START / STOP> push-button mode is performed in the **SHIFT MODE** window of the **SETUP** list (see Chapter 5 for the **SETUP** list description).

<ENTER>

This push-button enables one to enter the selected operation mode or to confirm control options. Some additional functions of this push-button will be described in the following chapters.

(<MENU>)

This push-button (pressed together with the <SHIFT> one) enables the user to enter the main list containing six sub-lists: **FUNCTION**, **INPUT**, **DISPLAY**, **FILE**, **REPORT** and **SETUP**. Each of the mentioned above sub-lists consists of the sub-lists, elements and data windows. These main sub-lists will be detailed described in the following chapters of the manual. Double pressed <MENU> push-button enters the list containing eight last opened sub-lists. It often speeds up the control of the instrument.

[<SAVE>]

This push-button (pressed together with the <ALT> one) enables the user to save measurement results as a file in the internal instrument's memory or on the USB memory stick. There are two available

functions: **SAVE NEXT** - save a file with the name increased by one (e.g. 02JAN0, 02JAN1, 02JAN3) and **SAVE** - save a file with the edited name.

<ESC>

This push-button closes the control lists, sub-lists or windows. It acts in opposite to the <ENTER> push-button. When the window is closed pressing the <ESC> push-button, any changes made in it are ignored in almost all cases.

[<CAL>]

This push-button (pressed together with the <SHIFT> one) enables the calibration menu in which user can set the calibration options of the device.

[<PAUSE>]

This push-button enables one to break the measurement process temporarily. The subsequent pressing of the <PAUSE> push-button deletes the measurement results from the last one second. The indicator of the measurement time is counted down after each pressing and the measurement result from the previous second appears on the display. Up to fifteen last seconds of the measurement can be cancelled in this way.

<◀>, <▶>

These push-buttons enable one, in particular, to:

- select the options in an active position in the "horizontal direction" (e.g. filter: **Z**, **A** or **C**, Integration period: **1s**, **2s**, **3s**, ... etc.),
- select the measurement result to be displayed (e.g. **PEAK**, **MAX**, **MIN**, etc.) in One Profile and **3 PROFILES** modes of result's presentation),
- control the cursor in **PLOT** and **STATISTICS** modes of result's presentation,
- select the position of the character in the text edition (i.e. in the **FILE NAME** menu),
- switch on/ off the **BACKLIGHT** of the display (<◀>+<▶> pressed together).

(<◀>, <▶>)

The <◀>, <▶> push-buttons pressed in conjunction (or in sequence) with the <SHIFT> enable one, in particular, to:

- speed up the changing of the numerical values of the parameters (i.e. the step is increased from 1 to 10 in the setting of **START DELAY**),
- insert or delete a character in the text edition modes,
- change the statistics class (the number displayed after the letter **L**) in One Profile and **3 PROFILES** modes of result's presentation.

Some other possible reactions of the instrument on the pressing of these push-buttons will be described in details in the following chapters.

<▲>, <▼>

The <▲>, <▼> push-buttons enable one, in particular, to:

- change the mode of result's presentation,
- select the proper character from the list in the text edition mode,
- switch the active sub-list in a list.

- programme the Real Time Clock (**RTC**) and **TIMER**.

Some other possible reactions of the instrument on the pressing of these push-buttons will be described in details in the following chapters.

(<▲>, <▼>)

The <▲>, <▼> push-buttons pressed in conjunction (or in sequence) with the <SHIFT> enable one, in particular:

- change the relation between the Y-axis and X-axis of all plots presented on the screen,
- switch the profiles in One Profile and **STATISTICS** modes of result's presentation,
- switch the active profile in **3 PROFILES** mode of result's presentation

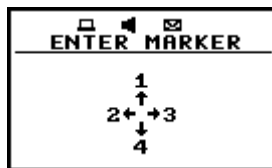
Some other possible reactions of the instrument on the pressing of these push-buttons will be described in details in the following chapters.

[Markers]

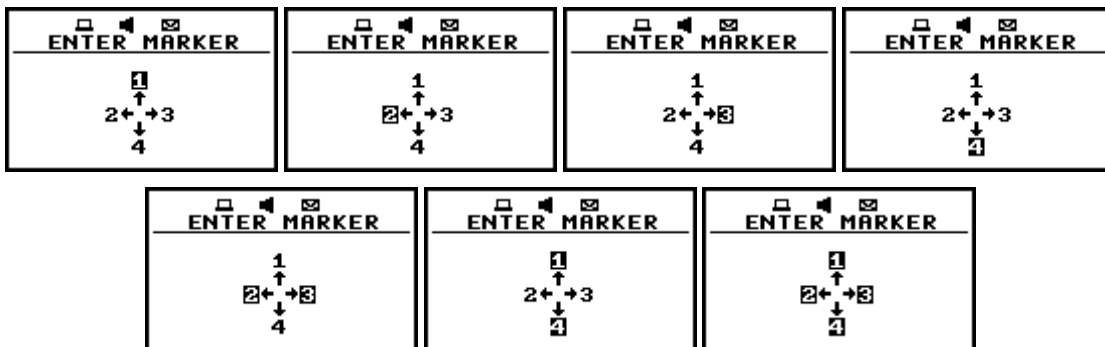
The **Markers** enable the user to mark special events, which occurred during the performed measurements (i.e. the airplane flight, the dog's barking, the train's drive etc.). The logger has to be switched on (*path: INPUT / MEASUREMENT SETUP / LOGGER On*) in order to activate the markers and one or more logger options (**LOGGER PEAK**, **LOGGER MAX**, **LOGGER MIN**, **LOGGER RMS**) in profiles have to be chosen (*path: INPUT / MEASUREMENT SETUP / PROFILE x*). In order to enter the marker the user must press <SHIFT> and <ALT> push-buttons simultaneously during the measurement. The **ENTER MARKER** window opens and there are four available marker numbers. To choose marker number 1 the user must press <▲> push button (number 2 - <◀>, number 3 <▶> and number 4 - <▼>).

The **ENTER MARKER** window closes automatically and chosen marker is activated (after pressing <SHIFT> + <ALT> again active marker number will be highlighted). In order to switch off the marker, the user has to open the **ENTER MARKER** window and press this push-button, which refers to the marker to be switched off.

The current state of the markers is indicated in the logger's file (cf. App. B for details) and can be used to show them using dedicated presentation software.

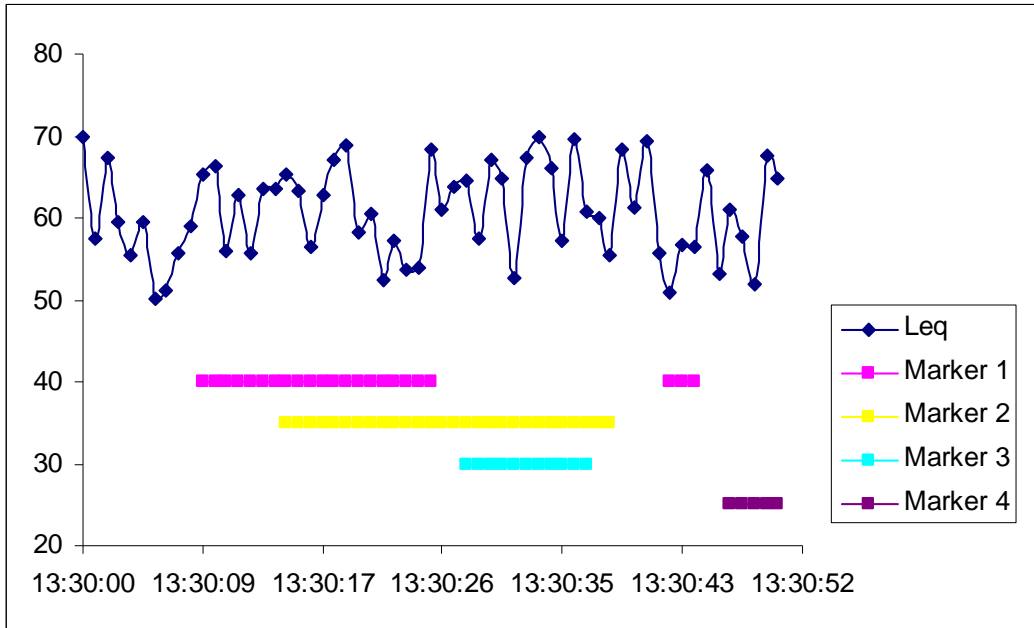


View of the display with the "MARKERS" (after pressing <ALT> and <SHIFT> together)



View of the displays with the activated markers

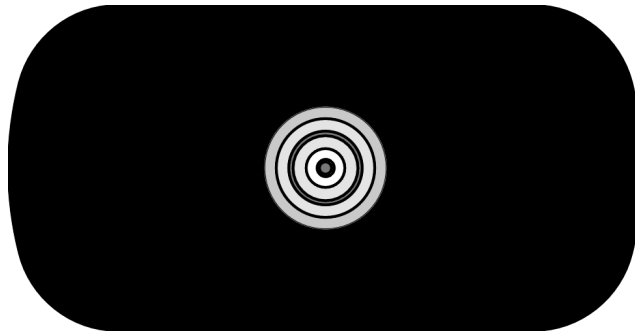
The exemplary presentation of the markers on the time history plot is shown below (to view a plot with markers the user has to transfer data to the proper software).



Time history plot with the indication of the active markers

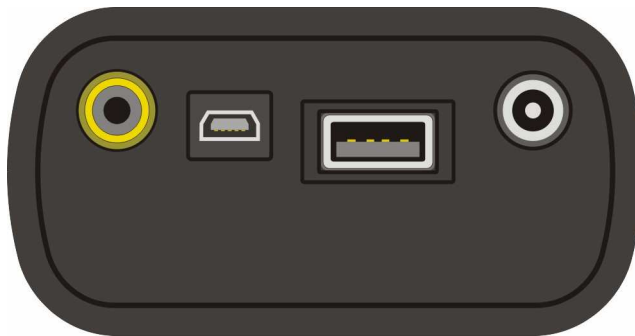
2.2 Input and output sockets of the instrument

The measurement input, called **Signal input** is placed in the centre of the instrument's top cover. It is the TNC socket. The microphone preamplifier **SV 12L** has the proper plug in with the screw. After plug in the preamplifier to the measurement input the screw should be twisted to the light resistance. The full description of the signals connected to the sockets is given in the Appendix C.



View of the top cover of the SVAN 955 instrument in 1:1 scale

In the bottom cover there are four sockets, placed from the right to the left as follows: **Ext. Pow.**, **USB Host**, **USB Device** and **Ext I/O**.



View of the bottom cover of the SVAN 955 instrument in 1:1 scale

The **USB Device** 1.1 interface is the serial interface working with 12 MHz clock. Thanks to its speed it is widely used in all PC. In the instrument the standard 4-pins socket is used described in details in Appendix C.

The **USB Host** interface can be used to connect the external storage, enabling the device to register virtually infinite sequence of measurement results.

The additional multi purpose input / output socket, called **Ext. I/O**, is a RCA Jack ("Cinch") socket. On this socket, in the case when the Analogue Output functionality is selected, the signal from the input of the analogue / digital converter (before the correction) is available. This signal can be registered using magnetic recorder or observed on the oscilloscope. The Digital Input as another functionality serves as the external trigger, while the Digital Output is used to generate the trigger pulse or alarm pulse from the instrument.

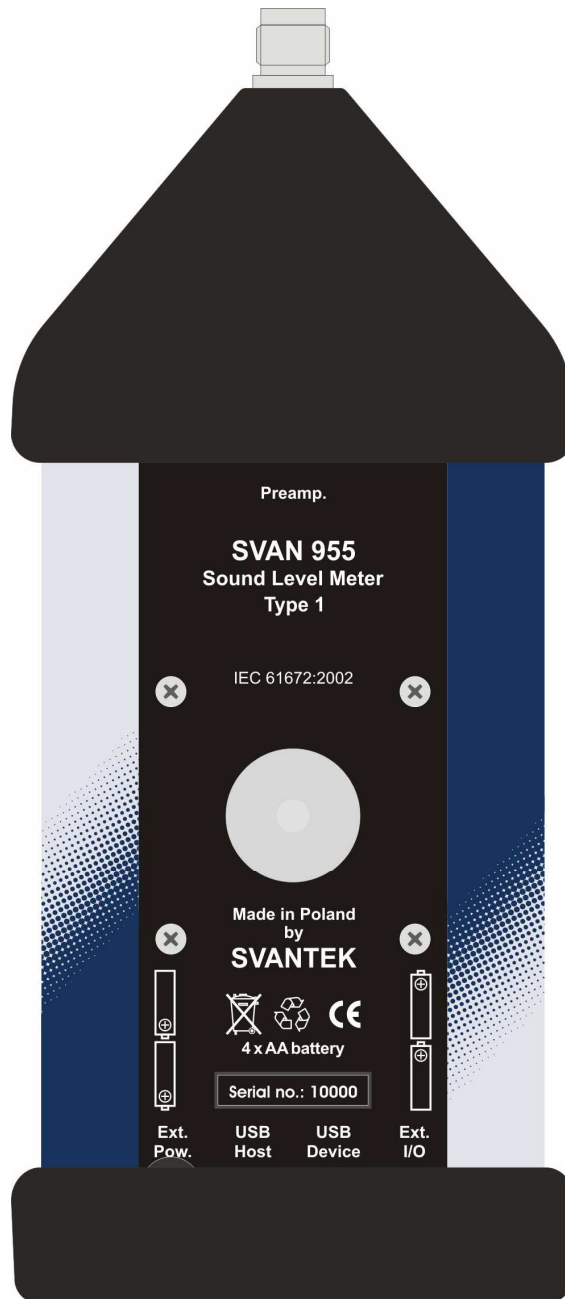
To the **Ext. Pow.** socket located on the bottom cover of the instrument dedicated for the connector type 5.5 / 2.1 mm the user can connect the external power (110 V / 220 V mains) adapter. The instrument can be charged from the external DC source (from 6 V to 15 V). The current consumption depends on the voltage of the power supplier.



Notice: Switch the power off before connecting the instrument to any other device (e.g. a printer or a Personal Computer).



View of the front panel of the SVAN 955 instrument in 1:1 scale



View of the rear panel of the SVAN 955 instrument in 1:1 scale